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### Citations:

# Bluebook 21st ed.

John A.; et al. Hockaday, Compilers %26 Annotators. Revised Statutes of the State of Missouri 1879 (1879).

### ALWD 7th ed.

Hockaday, John A.; et al., Compilers & Annotators. Revised Statutes of the State of Missouri 1879 (1879).

# APA 7th ed.

Hockaday, J. (1879). Revised Statutes of the State of Missouri 1879. Jefferson City, Carter & Regan, State printers and binders.

#### Chicago 17th ed

Hockaday John A.; et al., Compilers %26 Annotators. Revised Statutes of the State of Missouri 1879. Jefferson City, Carter & Regan, State printers and binders.

### McGill Guide 9th ed.

John A.; et al. Hockaday, Compilers %26 Annotators, Revised Statutes of the State of Missouri 1879 (Jefferson City: Carter & Regan, State printers and binders., 1879)

# AGLC 4th ed.

John A.; et al. Hockaday, Compilers %26 Annotators, Revised Statutes of the State of Missouri 1879 (Carter & Regan, State printers and binders., 1879

### MLA 9th ed.

Hockaday, John A., and Compilers & Annotators et al. Revised Statutes of the State of Missouri 1879. Jefferson City, Carter & Regan, State printers and binders. HeinOnline.

# OSCOLA 4th ed.

Hockaday, John A.; et al., Compilers & Annotators. Revised Statutes of the State of Missouri 1879. Jefferson City, Carter & Regan, State printers and binders.

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Sec. 1271. Abandonment of children.—If any father or mother of any child under the age of six years, or any other person to whom such child shall have been confided, shall expose such child in a street, field or other place, with intent wholly to abandon it, he or she shall, upon conviction, be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary not exceeding five years, or in the county is ill not less than six months.

or in the county jail not less than six months. (G. S. 781, § 39.)

Sec. 1272. Mistreatment of apprentices.—If any master or mistress of an apprentice or other person having the legal care and control of any infant, shall, without lawful excuse, refuse or neglect to provide for such apprentice or infant, necessary food, clothing or lodging, or shall unlawfully and purposely assault such apprentice or infant, whereby his life shall be endangered, or his health shall have been or shall be likely to be permanently injured, the person so offending shall, upon conviction, be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary not exceeding three years, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year, or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment. (New section.)

Sec. 1273. Abandonment of wife or child.—If any man shall, without good cause, abandon or desert his wife, or abandon his child or children under the age of twelve years born in lawful wedlock, and shall fail, neglect or refuse to maintain and provide for such wife, child or children, he shall, upon conviction, be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not more than one year, or by a fine of not less than fifty, nor more than one thousand dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment. No other evidence shall be required to prove that such husband was married to such wife, or is the father of such child or children, than would be necessary to prove such fact or facts in a civil action. (Laws 1867, p. 112, amended—m.)

prove such fact or facts in a civil action. (Laws 1867, p. 112, amended—m.)

Sec. 1274. Carrying deadly weapons, etc.—If any person shall carry concealed, upon or about his person, any deadly or dangerous weapon, or shall go into any church or place where people have assembled for religious worship, or into any school room or place where people are assembled for educational, literary or social purposes, or to any election precinct, on any election day, or into any court room during the sitting of court, or into any other public assemblage of persons met for any lawful purpose, other than for militia drill or meetings called under the militia law of this state, having upon or about his person any kind of firearms, bowie-knife, dirk, dagger, slung-shot, or other deadly weapon, or shall, in the presence of one or more persons, exhibit any such weapon upon or about his person when intoxicated or under the influence of intoxicating drinks, or shall, directly or indirectly, sell or deliver, loan or barter to any minor, any such weapon, without the consent of the parent or guardian of such minor, he shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than five nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding three months, or by both such fine and imprisonment. (Laws 1874, p. 43; laws 1875, p. 50, and laws 1877, p. 240, amended.)

Sec. 1275. Above section not to apply to certain officers.—The next preceding section shall not apply to police officers, nor to any officer or person whose duty it is to execute process or warrants, or to suppress breaches of the peace, or make arrests, nor to persons moving or traveling peaceably through this state, and it shall a good defense to the charge of carrying such weapon, if the defendant shall show that he has been threatened with great bodily harm, or had good reason to carry the same in the necessary defense of his person, home or property. (New section.)

Sec. 1276. Fire arms not to be discharged near court house.—Hereafter it shall be unlawful for any person in this state, except he be a sheriff or other officer in the discharge of official duty, to discharge or fire off any

<sup>(</sup>m) Wife held to be a competent witness to prove fact of abandonment. 43 Mo. 429. The fact that the defendant has brought suit for divorce is no defense. 52 Mo. 172.